

# Heart disease across your *lifespan*

Things you should be aware of



Every hour 12 Canadian adults age 20+ with diagnosed **heart disease** die



Following the reproductive system, the **cardiovascular** (heart) system has the most sex-based differences.



**9 in 10** Canadians have at least one risk factor for heart disease.



Your risk for heart disease changes across the lifespan. Know your risk and **be proactive**.

## **Risk factors**

#### **Adolescent**

If you have heart disease, your children are at increased risk. Ensure they begin to have their cholesterol levels checked at an earlier age.

Lifelong habits are created in childhood. Make sure you teach your children healthy eating habits and the importance of movement.

## **Young Adult**

Early age of menstruation (under 12 years) is linked to a higher risk for heart disease.

Polycystic ovarian syndrome and primary ovarian insufficiency may increase a woman's risk for heart disease. Know your family history.

Know your numbers (ABC) and what they mean. A1C test (blood sugar test), Blood pressure, and Cholesterol.

### **Pregnacy**

Pregnancy is like a 9-month-long heart stress test. If you delivered preterm, had high blood pressure or diabetes during your pregnancy, it could mean you are at higher risk for heart disease.

It is a myth that all pregnancy-related complications go awary after the baby is born.

Use your baby's 6 week postpartum checkup asa chance to also ask about your overall health, including your heart health.

Ask your healthcare provider if your complications during pregnancy will increase.

## Post-Menopause

Menopause before the age of 45 is linked to a 50% higher risk of heart disease.

After menopause, cholesterol levels usually worsen.

Know the risk factors from your life and how they affect your risk for heart disease.

# What can I do?

Lifestyle changes matter at any age! Try these top 5 tips to improve your heart health

- Move more, sit less. Choose an activity that you enjoy and that fits with your lifestyle. Aim for 30 minutes a day (walking, swimming, etc)
- ✓ **Eat heart healthy.** Aim for 7 servings of fruits and/or vegetables a day.
- ✓ If you smoke, find support to quit.
- ✓ Take your **medication** as prescribed.
- Know your numbers (ABCs) and what they mean.
  Ask your healthcare provider to test your:
  - A1C and fast blood glucose (test for blood sugars)
  - · Blood pressure
  - Cholesterol

Get involved and learn more about heart health. Visit RedDAY.ca and follow #RedDAYFriday

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